B.A.LL.B (Semester-VIII), Examination April 2019 CRIMINOLOGY, PENOLOGY AND VICTIMOLOGY

Duration: 3 hours Total Marks: 75

Instructions:

- i) Answer any EIGHT questions from Q. No. 1 to 12.
- ii) Q. No. 13 and 14 are Compulsory.

(8x8=64)

- 1. Criminology includes scientific study of the nature, extent, causes and control of criminal behaviour. Explain.
- 2. Examine the concept of socio-economic crimes and state its causes and effects.
- 3. Explain Freud's theory of criminal behaviour.
- 4. White collar crimes are more harmful to society than ordinary crimes. Explain with suitable examples.
- 5. Discuss Pre-classical and Neo-classical school of criminology.
- 6. Examine the legal provisions to prevent atrocities against Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribe communities.
- 7. Examine the rights and duties of police officer in prevention and detection of crimes.
- 8. Explain the following:
 - a. Habitual offenders
 - b. Cultural conflicts and crime
- 9. According to Lombroso the real causes of criminality lay in anthropological features of criminals. Explain.

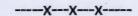
- 10. Discuss the causes of Juvenile delinquency and analyse legal measures conferring benefits on juvenile offenders.
- 11. Examine the concept of organised crime with relevant examples.
- 12. How does law protect women from sexual offences? Explain.
- 13. Answer any two of the following:-

(2x3=6)

- a. Differential Association theory
- b. Alcoholism and crime
- c. Custodial violence
- 14. Write short notes on any two of the following.

(2x2.5=5)

- a. Religion and criminality
- b. National Police Commission
- c. Communal riots



B.A. LL.B. (Semester – VIII) Examination, October 2018 CRIMINOLOGY, PENOLOGY AND VICTIMOLOGY

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 75

Instructions: 1) Answer any eight questions from Q. No. 1 to 12.

2) Q. No. 13 and 14 are compulsory.

 $(8 \times 8 = 64)$

- "Criminology seeks to study the phenomenon of criminality in its entirety". Explain.
- 2. What is white collar crime? Examine the factors that contribute to the occurrence of white collar crime.
- 3. Explain organised crime and explain the characteristics of organised criminals.
- 4. Discuss alcohol and drug addiction as causes of crime.
- 5. "Criminal behaviour is learnt and not inherited". Discuss with reference to the theory of differential association.
- 6. Explain cyber crime. Explain cyber stalking and hacking.
- 7. "Custodial torture has become a common phenomenon and a routine police practice in recent times". Comment with the help of case law in this regard.
- 8. To what extent does media and poverty influence criminality?
- 9. Discuss the tenets of the positive school of criminology with special reference to the contribution of Cesare Lombroso.
- 10. Examine the views of the classical school of criminology. How do they differ from those of the preclassical school of criminology?
- 11. Critically examine Freud's theory of criminal behaviour.
- 12. Critically examine Emile Durkheim's theory of Anomie.
- 13. Answer any two of the following:

 $(2 \times 3 = 6)$

- a) Aims and objects of the criminal justice system.
- b) Crimes by young persons.
- c) Atrocities on scheduled castes.
- 14. Answer any two of the following:

 $(2 \times 2.5 = 5)$

- a) Chronic offenders
- b) Preventive functions of police
- c) Female criminality.

(2x3xB)

o) Effect of mass modile on ceinne

ordevotor of the own and on earth he

B.A. LL.B. (Semester – VIII) Examination, April 2018 CRIMINOLOGY, PENOLOGY AND VICTIMOLOGY

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 75

Instructions: 1) Answer any eight questions from Q. No. 1 to 12.

2) Q. No. 13 and 14 are compulsory.

 $(8 \times 8 = 64)$

- 1. Explain the concept of crime and criminology.
- 2. What is white collar crime? Distinguish between white collar crime and traditional crime with the help of illustrations.
- 3. Explain what is meant by criminal rackets and crime syndicates with the help of illustrations.
- 4. Explain the Neo-classical school of criminology. How is it an improvement over the classical school of criminology?
- 5. Examine the contribution of the positive school of criminology in providing a rational explanation of crime.
- 6. "The theory of differential association is useful in explaining criminal behaviour".Comment.
- 7. Explain cyber crime. Explain any four cyber crimes.
- 8. Examine the factors that contribute to the commission of offences by young persons.
- 9. "Economic conditions play a significant role in the causation of crime". Comment.
- Discuss the major functions which the police is required to perform under the law.
- 11. Discuss with the help of illustrations wrongful behaviour in the medical profession.

BALBA - 1887



- 12. Discuss the psychological concept of crime.
- 13. Write notes on any two of the following:

 $(2 \times 3 = 6)$

- a) Crimes by women
 - b) Effect of mass media on crime
 - c) Purpose of criminal law.
- "" at O. No. 13 and 14 are compulsory 14. Write short notes on any two of the following:

 $(2 \times 2.5 = 5)$

- a) Anomie
- b) Custodial torture
- c) Situational crime. strike neewted rauphital 9 smho sellos athwar is mall 9.

3. Explain what is meant by criminal reckets and crime syndicates with the help

Explain the cancerd of came and criminology.

modification with the halp of illustrations

Exolain the figo-elegatest school of cominology. How is a an improvement over the classical action) of criminology ?

Examine the contribution of the positive echops of criminalogy in providing a BIR has to nothing down is a city

"molyselad languing primisione or judged all noticioness taltina affilia la contra a l'

8. Examine the factors that contribute to the commission of offences by young

"Economic conditions play a algolficant role in the causation of orthis". Comment

ad asing money of periods as solve eitholithe another to perform and as

so we are near at the stretches wrongful penaviour in the medical



BALBA - 1117

B.A.LL.B. (Semester VIII) Examination, October 2017 CRIMINOLOGY, PENOLOGY AND VICTIMOLOGY

Duration: 3 Hours Total Marks: 75

Instructions: 1) Answer any eight questions from Question No. 1 to 12.

2) Question no. 13 and 14 are compulsory.

 $(8 \times 8 = 64)$

- 1. Explain the nature and scope of criminology.
- 2. Discuss Lombrosos theory of criminal Anthropology.
- 3. Explain the multiple causation theory of crime.
- 4. Analyse the containment theory of Walter Reckless.
- 5. 'Criminality is a learnt behaviour'. Comment on this statement by Edwin Sutherland.
- 6. What are the legal duties of police under the Police Act?
- 7. What are the arguments of police in favour of custodial torture?
- 8. What is white collar criminality ? What are its causes ?
- 9. What are the characteristics of organised criminality?
- 10. What are the types of sexual offences? Why are they committed?
- 11. What is juvenile delinquency? What are its causes?
- 12. How does alcoholism influence crime?

13. Answer any 2:

 $(2\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 5)$

- a) Ghetto
- b) Rural crimes
- c) Arrest
- d) Id, ego and super-ego

14. Answer any 2:

 $(3 \times 2 = 6)$

- a) Anomic
- b) Labeling theory
- c) Situational offences
- d) Crime syndicate.

B.A. LL.B. (Semester – VIII) Examination, April 2017 CRIMINOLOGY, PENOLOGY AND VICTIMOLOGY

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 75

Instructions: 1) Answer any eight from question no. 1 to 12.
2) Question no. 13 & 14 are compulsory.

1. What is the purpose of criminology and criminal law?

 $(8 \times 8 = 64)$

- 2. Explain Lombrosos positive theory of criminality.
- 3. "Crime is a result of multiple factors". Comment.
- 4. Discuss Freuds theory of id, ego and superego influencing crime.
- 5. Explain the nine propositions of Sutherlands Differential Association Theory.
- 6. What is the role of police under the Police Act?
- 7. Discuss the problem of custodial violence in India.
- 8. Why does white collar criminality flourish?
- 9. What is organised crime? What are its types?
- 10. Which are the principles to be followed in relation to juveniles in conflict with law?
- 11. How does caste factor influence criminality?
- 12. What are the reasons for female criminality?
- Answer any two of the following.

 $(2\frac{1}{2}\times 2=5)$

- a) Sexual offences
- b) Crime and Alcoholism
- c) Hierarchy of criminal courts
- d) Urban crimes.
- 14. Answer any two of the following.

 $(3 \times 2 = 6)$

- a) Containment
- b) Social conflict and crime
- c) SC/ST Atrocities
- d) Terrorism.

B.A. LL.B. (Semester – VIII) Examination, October 2016 CRIMINOLOGY, PENOLOGY AND VICTIMOLOGY

Duration: 3 Hours Max Marks: 75

Instructions: 1) Answer any eight questions from Q. No. 1 to 12.
2) Q. No. 13 and 14 are compulsory.

 $(8 \times 8 = 64)$

- 1. Explain the nature and characteristics of crime.
- 2. "Criminology is the scientific study of crime, including its causes, responses by law enforcement, and methods of prevention". Explain.
- 3. Discuss the problem of atrocities against SC/ST.
- 4. "Crime has no single cause". Explain.
- 5. Discuss Sutherlands theory of Differential Association.
- 6. Explain the concept and kinds of organized crimes.
- 7. "White collar crime is a crime committed by a person of respectability and high social status in the course of his occupation". Explain.
- 8. How does alcoholism and drug addiction influence criminality?
- 9. Discuss Freuds theory of Id, Ego and Super ego.
- 10. What is Juvenile delinquency? What are its causes?
- 11. What is the role of police in administration of justice?
- 12. Explain the propositions of pre-classical school of criminology.
- 13. Answer any two of the following:

 $(2 \times 3 = 6)$

- a) Female criminality
- b) Communal violence
- c) Somatotyping.
- 14. Answer any two of the following:

 $(2\times2\frac{1}{2}=5)$

- a) Habitual offender
- b) Effect of media on crime
- c) Recidivism.

B.A.LL.B. (Semester - VIII) Examination, April 2016 CRIMINOLOGY, PENOLOGY AND VICTIMOLOGY

Duration: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 75

Instructions: 1) Answer any eight questions from Q. No. 1 to 12.

2) Q. No. 13 and 14 are compulsory.

1. Explain crime and the purpose of criminal law.

 $(8 \times 8 = 64)$

- 2. "Criminology is the study of causes of crime". Discuss.
- 3. Discuss alcohol and drug addiction as causes of crime.
- 4. Explain Freud's theory of criminal behaviour.
- 5. Explain Emile Durkheim's theory of Anomie.
- "Organized crimes pose more threat to the society than the traditional crimes". Comment.
- 7. What are white collar crimes and explain the distinction between them and traditional crimes?
- 8. Discuss the Multiple Causation Theory of Crime.
- 9. Discuss the Social Control theory of Crime.
- 10. Explain the approach of the legal system towards the Juvenile delinquents.
- 11. "Crime rate among women is less than that of men". Comment.
- 12. Discuss the causes of communal violence.
 - 13. Answer any two of the following:

 $(2 \times 3 = 6)$

- a) Occasional Criminals
- b) Criminal Anthropology
- c) Sex delinquency.
- 14. Answer any two of the following:

(2×2½=5)

- a) Rights of the accused
- b) Problems of police
- c) Terrorism.