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**B.A. LL.B (Semester-VII)  
EXAMINATION OCTOBER 2019  
Administrative Law**

[Duration : Three Hours]

[Max. Marks: 75]

**Instruction :**

- 1) Answer any eight questions from Q. nos. 1 to Q.no.12
- 2) Questions Nos.13 and 14 are compulsory

8X8=64

- Q.1 Examine the definition, nature and scope of Administrative law.
- Q.2 Explain the rule against bias in detail
- Q.3 What is delegated legislation? Analyse the factors leading to growth of delegated legislation
- Q.4 Explain the writ jurisdiction under Article 32 and 226 of the Indian constitution in reducing administrative excess.
- Q.5 Enumerate the principles of promissory estoppel in detail.
- Q.6 Analyse the remedies of injunction and declaration.
- Q.7 Explain the liability of the government in relation to a contract.
- Q.8 Examine the main characteristics of the Administrative tribunals.
- Q.9 Analyze the significance of ombudsman in the field of administrative Law.
- Q.10 Examine the jurisdiction of article 136 in the mechanism of judicial control of administrative actions.
- Q.11 State and explain the doctrine of separation of powers in detail.
- Q.12 Explain the grounds of Judicial review over abuse discretion.
- Q.13 Answer any two 2X3=6
- a) Droit Administratif
  - b) Rule of Law
  - c) Legislative control over delegated legislation

Q.14

Answer any two

- a) Delay and laches
- b) Res – indicate
- c) Lokpal

**BALBA- 1935**

**B.A.LL.B Semester VII, Examination April 2019  
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW**

Duration: 3 hours

Total Marks: 75

***Instructions:***

- i) Answer any eight questions from Q. No. 1 to 12.  
ii) Question 13 and 14 is Compulsory.***

**(8 x 8 = 64)**

1. Define Administrative Law. Explain various reasons for its development in India.
2. What is delegated legislation? Explain the constitutionality of delegated legislation.
3. Explain various constitutional requirements laid down by the article 299 for the validity of Government Contracts.
4. What is quasi-judicial function in what respect it differs from judicial function?
5. Rule against bias strikes against those factors, which may improperly influence a judge in arriving at a decision in a particular case. Explain.
6. Examine how far relaxing the rule of locus standi by way of public interest litigation brought the accountability in State's action.
7. Critically analyze various grounds on which judiciary can interfere with exercising of discretion by the administrative authorities.
8. What is Estoppel? Explain the principles of promissory estoppel.
9. Examine the constitutional safeguards available to the civil servants.
10. Rule of fair hearing is to ensure that the administrative action is fair and just. Explain various components of fair hearing.

**P.T.O**

11. Explain the impact of rule of law and separation of powers on growth of administrative law.
  12. Explain
    - a. Ombudsmen
    - b. Central Vigilance Commission
  13. Write a short note on any TWO of the following. **(2 x 3 = 6)**
    - a. Writ of Quo warranto
    - b. Droit Administratif
    - c. Finality clause
  14. Write a short note on any TWO of the following **(2 x 2.5=5)**
    - a. Injunction
    - b. Separation of powers
    - c. Writ of Mandamus
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**B.A. LL.B. (Semester – VII) Examination, October 2018**  
**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW**

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

**Instructions :** 1) Answer **any eight** questions from Q. No. 1 to 12.  
2) Question 13 and 14 is **compulsory**.

**(8×8=64)**

1. Discuss judicial control of delegated legislation with relevant case law.
2. Define and distinguish between quasi-judicial and administrative functions.
3. Explain the principles of promissory estoppel.
4. Examine the tortious liability of the government for the torts committed by its servants.
5. Rule of fair hearing is to ensure that the administrative action is fair and just. Explain.
6. Explain the role of ombudsmen in resolving the grievances of the citizens against any administrative action.
7. Explain the grounds of judicial review over abuse of discretion.
8. What is Delegated Legislation ? Explain various factor that lead to the growth of Delegate Legislation in India.
9. Explain use of writ jurisdiction under Article 32 and 226 of the Indian Constitution in reducing the administrative excess.
10. Briefly discuss the classification of rule making power of the administration.



11. Examine various controls on functioning of statutory corporations.
  12. Explain doctrine of Pleasure. Critically analyze various constitutional safeguards against this doctrine.
  13. Write a short note on **any two** of the following : **(2×3=6)**
    - a) Declaration.
    - b) Reasoned decision.
    - c) Separation of powers.
  14. Write a short note on **any two** of the following : **(2×2½=5)**
    - a) Central Vigilance Commission.
    - b) Right to know.
    - c) Henry VIII clause.
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**BALBA – 1836**

**B.A. LL.B. (Semester – VII) Examination, April 2018**  
**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW**

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

**Instructions :** 1) Answer **any 8** from Q. No. 1 to 12.  
2) Q. No. 13 and 14 are **compulsory**.

**(8×8=64)**

1. Define Administrative Law and discuss in brief the nature and scope of Administrative Law.
2. What is rule of law ? Examine the application of rule of law in India.
3. Define delegated legislation and explain judicial control over delegated legislation.
4. What are the exceptions to the rules of Principles natural justice.
5. Critically analyze the system of Ombudsman in India.
6. Examine the various circumstances under which the courts can review the exercise of administrative discretion.
7. What are factors that lead to the development of administrative rule making ?
8. Explain the importance of writ of Habeas Corpus.
9. "No man shall be a judge in his own cause". Discuss.
10. Explain the nature and extent of liability of administration in tort.
11. What do you mean by public undertaking ? Briefly explain the features and control over public undertakings.
12. Discuss the doctrine of promissory estoppel.
13. Answer **any two** : **(2×3=6)**
  - a) Sub delegation
  - b) Central Vigilance Commission
  - c) Declaratory Actions
14. Answer **any two** : **(2×2.5=5)**
  - a) Administrative Adjudication
  - b) Appeals
  - c) Separation of powers.



**BALBO – 2517**

**B.A.L.L.B. (Semester – VII) Examination, November 2017  
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW**

Duration : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 75

**Instructions:** 1) Answer any 8 from Q. No. 1 to 12.  
2) Q. No. 13 and 14 compulsory.

(8×8=64)

1. What is separation of power ? How separation of power is made applicable in India and USA ?
  2. Define administrative Law and discuss the scope of Administrative Law.
  3. What is delegated legislation ? Explain the effectiveness of Parliamentary control over delegated legislation.
  4. Examine the contents of fair hearing.
  5. Explain the doctrine of pleasure and state the exceptions.
  6. Define administrative discretion and explain abuse of discretion.
  7. Discuss the doctrine of promissory estoppel.
  8. Narrate the importance of public interest litigation with decided cases.
  9. What is a quasi-judicial function ? Explain the grounds on which a function is classified as quasi-judicial.
  10. "The state is liable for the tortious acts of its servants" – explain with decided cases.
  11. Define administrative tribunals and mention important features of the administrative tribunals.
  12. What is bias ? Explain different kinds of bias.
  13. Answer any two : (2×3=6)
    - a) Public corporation
    - b) Ombudsman
    - c) Declaratory actions.
  14. Answer any two : (2×2.5=5)
    - a) Government contracts
    - b) Doctrine of waiver
    - c) Dicey's rule of law.
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**BALBA – 817**

**B.A. LL.B. (Semester – VII) Examination, April 2017  
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 75

**Instructions:** 1) Answer *any eight* question from Q. No. 1 to 12.  
2) Q. No. 13 and 14 are *compulsory*.

1. Examine definition and scope of Administrative Law. (8×8=64)
  2. Analyse the droit administration system and its main features in the area of Administrative Law.
  3. Examine the doctrine of separation of powers in detail.
  4. 'The problem of administrative discretion is complex'. Elucidate.
  5. Analyse the classification of administrative rule making in the context of delegated legislation.
  6. Administrative adjudicatory process suffers with many problems. Elucidate.
  7. Examine nemo in propria causa judex esse debet in the context of natural justice.
  8. Examine the doctrine of promissory estoppel and its application in India.
  9. Examine Judicial control over public undertakings.
  10. Examine Judicial control over administrative actions in the context of prerogative remedies.
  11. Analyse the effect of failure to follow Natural Justice.
  12. Examine the main characteristics of Administrative Tribunals.
  13. Answer **any two** : (2×3=6)
    - a) Ante-natal publicity
    - b) Lokpal
    - c) One who hears must decide
  14. Answer **any two** : (2×2½=5)
    - a) Dicey concept of rule of law
    - b) Statutory Judicial remedies
    - c) Government contracts.
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**BALBO – 2516**

**B.A. L.L.B. (Semester – VII) Examination, October 2016  
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 75

**Instructions :** 1) Answer **any eight** questions from Q. No. 1 to 12.  
2) Q. No. 13 and 14 compulsory.

**(8x8=64)**

1. Government based on principles of law not of men. Elucidate.
2. Examine the growth of Administrative Law in the context of Indian scenario.
3. Examine judicial control over administrative discretion.
4. 'Excessive Delegation is unconstitutional'. Elucidate.
5. Analyse the various problems of administrative decision making in India.
6. Examine the various exceptions to the Rule of Natural Justice.
7. Examine the scope of Article 136 in the context of Administrative Action.
8. Analyse the significance of Ombudsmen in the field of administrative law.
9. Examine the concept of Government promise and estoppel followed in America and England.
10. Examine the various controls over public undertakings.
11. Examine the equitable remedies in the context of Administrative Action.
12. Examine the concept of AUDI ALTERAM PARTEM in detail.
13. Answer **any two** : **(2x3=6)**
  - a) Laches and delay.
  - b) Personal bias.
  - c) Counsel D' etat.
14. Answer **any two** : **(2x2½=5)**
  - a) Government privileges.
  - b) Right to information.
  - c) Government liability under tort.



**BALBA – 816**

**B.A.L.L.B. (Semester – VII) Examination, April 2016**  
**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 75

**Instructions :** 1) Answer any eight questions from Q. No. 1 to 12.

2) Q. No. 13 and 14 are compulsory.

1. Examine the concept of Rule of Law in detail. (8×8=64)
2. Essential legislative functions can't be delegated elucidate.
3. State and explain the exceptions to the principles of natural justice.
4. Examine the structure and procedure of adjudicatory bodies in the area of administrative adjudication.
5. Analyse the judicial control mechanism in case of administrative discretion.
6. Examine the writ of Certiorari and Quo Warranto to challenge administrative actions.
7. Examine the Jurisdiction of Article 136 in the area of administrative actions.
8. Analyse the tortious liability of government in detail.
9. Examine the growth of administrative law with special reference to French Legal System.
10. Examine the rule of fair hearing with relevant case law.
11. Examine the relevance of promissory estoppel in India.
12. Examine in detail the mechanism of OMBUDSMEN and its importance in the field of Administrative Law.

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13. Write note on any two : (3x2=6)

- a) Separation of powers.
- b) Departmental bias.
- c) Writ of prohibition.

14. Write note on any two : (2½x2=5)

- a) Injunction as equitable remedy.
- b) One who hears must decide.
- c) Discretion to disobey.



**BALBO – 1513**

**B.A.LL.B. (Semester – VII) Examination, October 2015**  
**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW**

Duration : 3 Hours

Total Marks : 75

**Instructions :** 1) Answer **any eight** questions from Q. No. 1 to 12.  
2) Q. No. 13 and 14 are **compulsory**.

**(8×8=64)**

1. Examine the definition, nature and scope of administrative law.
2. Analyse the Judicial control over delegated legislation.
3. Examine the rule against bias in detail.
4. Explain the reasons for the growth of administrative tribunals.
5. Examine the writ Jurisdiction of High Court over Administrative Actions.
6. Analyse the importance of Promissory Estoppel in India.
7. Explain the role of OMBUDSMEN in the field of Administrative Law.
8. State and explain the Doctrine of Separation powers in detail.
9. Examine the role of Quasi-Judicial bodies in the field of Administrative Law.
10. Analyse the equitable Remedies, Injunction and Declaratory Actions.
11. Examine the Government liability in relation to contract.
12. Analyse the importance of writ of certiorari over Administrative Action.
13. Write note on **any two** : **(3×2=6)**
  - a) Right to know
  - b) Dicey concept of Rule of Law
  - c) Statutory Judicial Remedies.
14. Write note on **any two** : **(2½×2=5)**
  - a) Reasons for the growth of Public undertakings
  - b) Article 136
  - c) Writ of Prohibition.