

**CONSTITUTIONAL LAW-II**

Duration : 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

**Instructions:** (i) Answer **ANY EIGHT** questions from Q.No. 1 to 12

(ii) Question No. 13 & 14 are **COMPULSORY**

(8x8=64)

1. Explain the constitutional protection given to the Indian President.
2. 'Supreme Court is the Court of record'. Elucidate this statement in the light of Jurisdiction conferred on this Court.
3. Explain the contractual liability of the State under Article 299 of the Constitution.
4. 'Parliament has powers to make laws throughout the territory of India.' Explain this statement with special reference to its law making powers.
5. Explain in brief the provisions relating to the Proclamation of emergency.
6. Discuss the safeguards available to civil servants under Art. 311 of the Constitution.
7. Enumerate the various privileges that are conferred on the Members of the state legislatures.
8. Trade, Commerce and Intercourse throughout the territory of India shall be free. Elucidate
9. Discuss with reference to the center-state relations:
  - (a) Inter- state water disputes
  - (b) Inter-governmental tax immunity
10. Enumerate the Parliamentary procedure for the passing of Ordinary Bills which has been laid down in the Constitution.
11. Explain the Writ Jurisdiction of High Court under Article 226 of the Constitution. Differentiate it from the Writ Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.
12. Discuss the recent developments relating to the tortious liability of the State under the provisions of the Indian Constitution.
13. Answer **ANY TWO** of the following: (2x3=6)
  - (a) Finance commission
  - (b) Ordinance making power
  - (c) Role of Chief Election Commission
14. Explain **ANY TWO** of the following: (2x 2.5=5)
  - (a) Money bill
  - (b) Vice President
  - (c) Doctrine of Pleasure

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VVM's G.R. KARE COLLEGE OF LAW, MARGAO-GOA  
B.A.LL.B. SEMESTER – IV EXAMINATION, APRIL 2019

**CONSTITUTIONAL LAW-II**

Duration : 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

**Instructions:** (i) Answer **ANY EIGHT** questions from Q.No. 1 to 12

(ii) Question No. 13 &14 are **COMPULSORY**

(8x8=64)

1. Explain the doctrine of Territorial nexus and the distribution of Legislative relations between the Union and the states.
2. Discuss the powers that are conferred on the Indian President by the Constitution.
3. Enumerate the various privileges that are conferred on the Members of the state legislatures.
4. Discuss the recent developments relating to the tortuous liability of the State under the provisions of the Indian Constitution.
5. Trade, commerce and intercourse throughout the territory of India shall be free. Comment.
6. What are the various disqualifications of Members of Parliament that have been mentioned under the provisions of the Constitution?
7. Explain in brief the provisions relating to the Proclamation of emergency.
8. Discuss the procedure for amendment of the Indian Constitution. Can Fundamental rights be amended?
9. Explain the provisions of the Indian constitution for the settlement of administrative relations between the center and the states.
10. Enumerate the various changes that have been brought about to the Right to Property by the 44<sup>th</sup> Constitutional Amendment Act, 1978.
11. Enumerate the Parliamentary procedure for the passing of Ordinary Bills which has been laid down in the Constitution.
12. Critically analyse the constitutional safeguards that are available to Civil Servants.
13. Write short notes on **ANY TWO**: (2x3=6)
  - (a) Election Commission
  - (b) Residuary powers
  - (c) Schedule VII
14. Answer **ANY TWO** of the following: (2x2.5=5)
  - (a) Collective Responsibility
  - (b) Panchayats and municipalities
  - (c) Vidhan sabha



**VVM'S GOVIND RAMNATH KARE COLLEGE OF LAW, MARGAO-GOA**  
**B.A.LL.B. (SEM.-IV) EXAMINATION, OCTOBER 2018**

**Sub: Constitutional Law. II**

Duration : 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Instructions: (i) Answer **ANY EIGHT** questions from Q.No. 1 to 12

(ii) Question No. 13 & 14 are **COMPULSORY**

(8x8=64)

- 1) Examine the powers and functions of the President of India.
- 2) Explain the doctrine of Territorial nexus and territorial distribution of Legislative relations between the Union and the states.
- 3) Enumerate the Parliamentary procedure for the passing of Ordinary Bills which has been laid down in the Constitution.
- 4) Explain the various privileges that are conferred on the Members of the state legislatures .
- 5) Discuss the financial relations in connection with the Center-State relations.
- 6) Critically analyse the constitutional safeguards that are available to Civil Servants.
- 7) Trade, Commerce and Intercourse throughout the territory of India shall be free. Elucidate.
- 8) Explain the contractual liability of the State under Article 299 of the Constitution.
- 9) Discuss the administrative relations between the Center and the States under the Indian Constitution.
- 10) What is the procedure laid down by the Constitution for the amendment of Fundamental Rights.
- 11) Analyse the Advisory Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court. Is such an advice binding?
- 12) Enumerate the various changes that have been brought about to the Right to Property by the 44<sup>th</sup> Constitutional Amendment Act, 1978.
- 13) Write short notes on **ANY TWO**: (2x3=6)
  - (a) Election Commission
  - (b) Vice President
  - (c) Schedule VII
- 14) Answer **ANY TWO** of the following: (2x2.5=5)
  - (a) Collective Responsibility
  - (b) Office of Profit
  - (c) Writ Jurisdiction

**B.A.LL.B SEMESTER-IV EXAMINATION, APRIL 2018**

**CONSTITUTIONAL LAW-II**

**DURATION : 3 HOURS**

**TOTAL MARKS = 75**

**Instructions:** i) Answer **ANY EIGHT** questions from Q. 1 to Q. 12  
ii) Q. 13 and Q. 14 are **COMPULSORY**

**(8x8 = 64)**

- 1) Analyse the constitutional position of the President of India.
- 2) Explain the Writ Jurisdiction of High Court under Article 226 of the Constitution. Differentiate it from the Writ Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.
- 3) Enumerate the various privileges that are conferred on the Members of the state legislatures.
- 4) Discuss the recent developments relating to the tortious liability of the State under the provisions of the Indian Constitution
- 5) Enumerate the constitutional provisions relating to administrative relations between the Centre and the States.
- 6) Explain in brief the provisions relating to the Proclamation of emergency.
- 7) Discuss the procedure for amendment of the Indian Constitution. Can Fundamental rights be amended?
- 8) Trade, commerce and intercourse throughout the territory of India shall be free. Comment.
- 9) What are the various disqualifications of Members of Parliament that have been mentioned under the provisions of the Constitution.
- 10) Discuss the safeguards available to civil servants under Art. 311 of the Constitution.
- 11) Explain the power of the Finance Commission in the settlement of disputes relating to Finance under the provisions of the Indian Constitution.
- 12) Enumerate the various changes that have been brought about to the Right to Property by the 44<sup>th</sup> Constitutional Amendment Act, 1978.
- 13) Answer **ANY TWO** of the following: **(2 x 3 = 6)**
  - a) Contractual liability
  - b) Writ of Habeas Corpus
  - c) Role of Chief Election Commission
- 14) Explain **ANY TWO** of the following: **(2 x 2½ = 5)**
  - a) Appropriation bill
  - b) Vice President
  - c) Residuary Powers



**B.A.LL.B SEMESTER-IV EXAMINATION, OCTOBER 2017**

**CONSTITUTIONAL LAW-II**

**DURATION : 3 HOURS**

**TOTAL MARKS = 75**

**Instructions:** i) Answer **ANY EIGHT** questions from Q. 1 to Q. 12  
ii) Q. 13 and Q. 14 are **COMPULSORY**

**(8x8 = 64)**

- 1) Give an account of constitutional position of the President of India.
  - 2) What are the different privileges which have been provided to the members of Parliament in the Constitution of India?
  - 3) Give an account of the different disqualifications of Members of Parliament.
  - 4) How are financial relations distributed between the Central and the State under Provisions of the Constitution of India?
  - 5) Explain the provisions of the Constitution of India that relate to the proclamation of National Emergency.
  - 6) Explain the grounds for issuance of writs of Habeas Corpus and Mandamus.
  - 7) Write short notes on the following:
    - a) Doctrine of Colourable Legislation
    - b) Doctrine of Repugnancy
  - 8) Examine the advisory jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of India.
  - 9) Give an account of Freedom of trade, commerce and intercourse that are provided in the Constitution of India.
  - 10) Give a critical analysis of the constitutional safeguards provided to civil servants in India.
  - 11) Examine provisions of the Indian Constitution relating to settlement of inter-State water disputes.
  - 12) Examine the pardoning power and Ordinance making power of the Governor of a State.
  - 13) Write short notes on **ANY TWO** of the following: **(2 x 3 = 6)**
    - a) Schedule VII of the Constitution of India
    - b) Contractual liability of the State
    - c) Right to property
  - 14) Write short notes on **ANY TWO** of the following: **(2 x 2½ = 5)**
    - a) Writ of Certiorari
    - b) Financial emergency
    - c) Civil appeals
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**CONSTITUTIONAL LAW-II**

**DURATION : 3 HOURS**

**TOTAL MARKS = 75**

**Instructions:** i) Answer **ANY EIGHT** questions from Q. 1 to Q. 12  
ii) Q. 13 and Q. 14 are **COMPULSORY**

**(8x8 = 64)**

- 1) Examine the role of the Governor under the provisions of the Constitution of India.
  - 2) Explain the parliamentary procedure for passing of Ordinary Bill as laid down in the Constitution of India.
  - 3) Examine the Appellate Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of India.
  - 4) Explain inter-Governmental Tax Immunity as provided in the Indian Constitution.
  - 5) Discuss various principles for Interpretation of Lists with reference to Centre-State Relations.
  - 6) Examine the Writ Jurisdiction of the High Court and distinguish it from the Writ Jurisdiction of Supreme Court of India.
  - 7) Write short notes on the following:
    - a) Xth Schedule of Constitution of India
    - b) Office of Profit
  - 8) Examine the basic structure Doctrine in the light of Keshavanand Bharti's Case.
  - 9) 'Trade Commerce and Intercourse throughout the territory of India shall be free'. Explain.
  - 10) Give an account of Constitutional Safeguards that are available to Civil Servants in India.
  - 11) What are the provisions relating to settlement of Inter-state Water Disputes under the Indian Constitution?
  - 12) What is the nature of tortious liability of the State under the Provisions of the Indian Constitution?
  - 13) Write short notes on **ANY TWO** of the following: **(2 x 3 = 6)**
    - a) Council of ministers
    - b) Right to Property
    - c) Advisory Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of India
  - 14) Write short notes on **ANY TWO** of the following: **(2 x 2½ = 5)**
    - a) Civil appeals
    - b) Mercy Power of the Governor
    - c) Financial emergency
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**VVM's G.R. KARE COLLEGE OF LAW, MARGAO-GOA**  
**B.A.LL.B. (SEMESTER - IV) EXAMINATION, OCTOBER 2016**

**CONSTITUTIONAL LAW -II**

**Duration : 3 hours**

**Total Marks = 75**

**Instructions : (i) Answer ANY EIGHT Questions from Q. No. 1 to 12**

**(ii) Question Nos. 13 & 14 are compulsory**

**(8 X 8 =64)**

- 1) Analyse the constitutional position of the President of India.
- 2) Explain the procedure for passing of an ordinary and money bill.
- 3) Examine the pardoning power and Ordinance making power of the Governor.
- 4) Discuss the Appellate Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.
- 5) Explain the various Parliamentary privileges conferred on the Members of the Parliament .
- 6) Discuss the principles for interpretation of the lists in relation to the Center-State relations.
- 7) Explain the recent developments relating to the tortuous liability of the State under the provisions of the Indian Constitution.
- 8) Critically analyse the constitutional safeguards that are available to Civil Servants.
- 9) Trade, Commerce and Intercourse throughout the territory of India shall be free. Elucidate.
- 10) Explain the functions of the Finance Commission in the settlement of disputes relating to Finance under the provisions of the Indian Constitution.
- 11) What is the procedure laid down in the Constitution for the amendment of Fundamental Rights?
- 12) Enumerate the various changes that have been brought about to the Right to Property by the 44<sup>th</sup> Constitutional Amendment Act, 1978.
- 13) Answer ANY TWO of the following: **(2x3=6)**
  - (a) Office of Profit
  - (b) Writ of Habeas Corpus
  - (c) Financial Emergency
- 14) Explain ANY TWO of the following: **(2x 2.5=5)**
  - (a) Election Commission
  - (b) Contractual liability of the State
  - (c) Defection as a ground of disqualification.

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**VVM's G.R. KARE COLLEGE OF LAW, MARGAO-GOA**  
**B.A.LL.B. (SEMESTER - IV) EXAMINATION, APRIL 2016**

**CONSTITUTIONAL LAW -II**

**Duration : 3 hours**

**Total Marks = 75**

**Instructions : (i) Answer ANY EIGHT Questions from Q. No. 1 to 12**

**(ii) Question Nos. 13 & 14 are compulsory**

**(8 X 8 =64)**

- 1) Examine the powers and functions of the President of India.
- 2) Explain the doctrine of Territorial nexus and territorial distribution of Legislative relations between the Union and the states.
- 3) Enumerate the disqualifications for the members of the Parliament.
- 4) Discuss the procedure for passing of an ordinary bill and money bill.
- 5) Examine the grounds for issue of writ of Habeas Corpus and Mandamus by the High Court.
- 6) Discuss the recent developments dealing with tortious liability of the State.
- 7) Freedom of Trade, commerce and intercourse provided by Art. 301 are subject to limitations prescribed by Art. 302. Explain.
- 8) Critically analyze the constitutional safeguards given to civil servants.
- 9) Explain the basic structure theory as a limitation on the amending power of the Parliament.
- 10) Analyse the Advisory Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court. Is such an advice binding?
- 11) Examine the provisions relating to settlement of Inter-State Water Disputes under the Indian Constitution.
- 12) What is the procedure laid down by the Constitution for the amendment of Fundamental Rights.
- 13) Write short notes on ANY TWO: **(2x3=6)**
  - (a) Election Commission
  - (b) Contractual liability of the state
  - (c) Schedule VII
- 14) Answer ANY TWO of the following: **(2x2.5=5)**
  - (a) Collective Responsibility
  - (b) Office of Profit
  - (c) Rajya Sabha.



Vidya Vikas Mandal's  
Govind Ramnath Kare College of Law,  
Margao-Goa.

Semester IV B.A.,L.L.B Examination, OCT 2014.

Sub: Constitutional law-II

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Instructions: Answer any **EIGHT** questions from Q.No. 1 to 12  
Questions 13 and 14 are **COMPULSORY**.

(8 X 8 = 64)

- 1) The President is the Constitutional head of the State. Explain the position of the President under the Indian Constitution and compare his position with the President of America.
- 2) Explain the legislative power conferred upon the Governor in the State by the Indian Constitution.
- 3) Examine the various privileges which have been given to the Members of the Parliament under the Indian Constitution.
- 4) Explain the following:
  - (a) Office of Profit
  - (b) Tenth Schedule
- 5) What are the various disqualifications of Member of Parliament that are mentioned under the Representation of People's Act, 1951.
- 6) "Parliament has the power to make laws throughout the territory of India" Explain with exceptions if any.
- 7) Explain in brief the provisions relating to Proclamation of National Emergency.
- 8) Explain the concept of Inter-governmental Tax immunity under the provisions of Indian Constitution.



9) What is the procedure laid down by the Constitution for the amendment of Fundamental Rights?

10) Explain the Advisory Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court. Is such an advice binding?

11) Enumerate the various changes that have been brought about to the Right to Property by the 44<sup>th</sup> Constitutional Amendment Act, 1978.

12) Examine the provisions relating to settlement of Inter- State Water Disputes under the Indian constitution.

13) Explain any **TWO**: (2 X 3 = 6)

- (a) Civil Servants
- (b) Doctrine of Pleasure
- (c) Planning Commission

14) Answer any **TWO**: (2 X 2.5 = 5)

- (a) Finance Commission
  - (b) Certiorari
  - (c) Vidhan Parishad
- .....



Vidya Vikas Mandal's  
Govind Ramnath Kare College of Law,  
Margao-Goa.

Semester IV B.A.,L.L.B Examination, April 2014.

Sub: Constitutional Law- II

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 75

Instructions: (1) Answer any **EIGHT** questions from Q. No. 1 to 12  
(2) Questions 13 and 14 are **COMPULSORY**

(8 X 8 = 64)

- 1) Explain the role of the Governor under the provisions of the Indian constitution
- 2) Enumerate the Parliamentary procedure for the passing of Ordinary Bills which is laid down under the Indian Constitution.
- 3) What are the various privileges that are conferred on the Members of the Parliament under the Indian Constitution?
- 4) Explain in brief the Appellate Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in various matters.
- 5) Explain the Writ Jurisdiction of the High Court under Article 226 of the Constitution. Differentiate it with the Writ Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.
- 6) Answer the following:
  - (a) Doctrine of Pith and Substance
  - (b) Doctrine of Repugnancy
- 7) How are the Financial relations distributed to bring about better Co-ordination between the union and States under the provisions of the Indian Constitution.

(P.T.O)

8) Examine the various exceptions to the Freedom of Trade, Commerce and Intercourse under the provisions of the Indian Constitution.

9) What do you mean by Financial Emergency? Examine its various effects.

10) Analyse the Present Position of the Right to Property in view of the changes brought about by the 44<sup>th</sup> Constitutional Amendment Act, 1978.

11) Explain in brief the "Basic Structure theory" as laid down in the Keshvananda Bharati's case.

12) Explain the procedure for amending the Indian Constitution. Can the Fundamental Rights be amended?

13) Write short notes on **ANY TWO**: (2 X 3 = 6)

(a) Office of Profit

(b) Disqualification on the ground of defection

(c) Council of Members

14) Write Notes on **ANY TWO**: (2 X 2.5 = 5)

(a) Sovereign Immunity

(b) Schedule VII

(c) Planning Commission

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